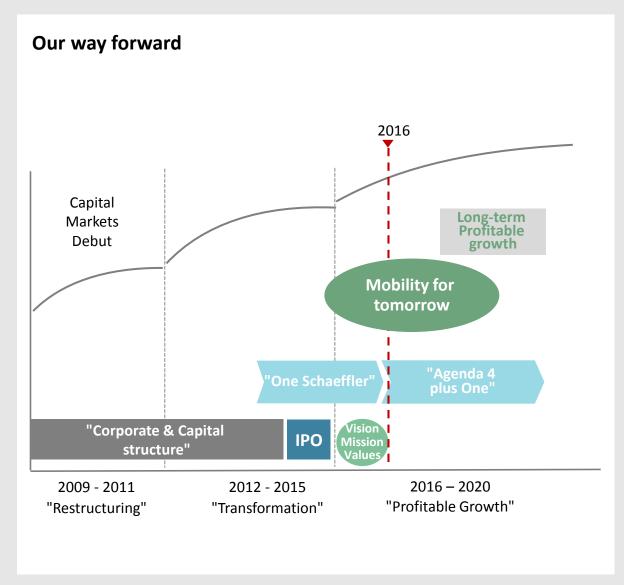
SCHAEFFLER

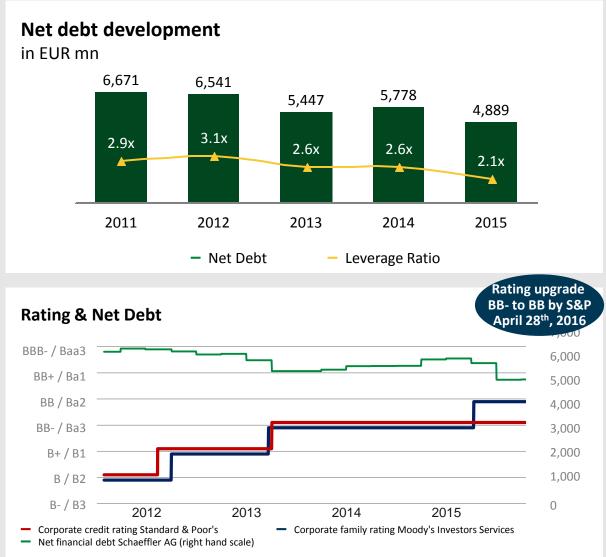


Finance

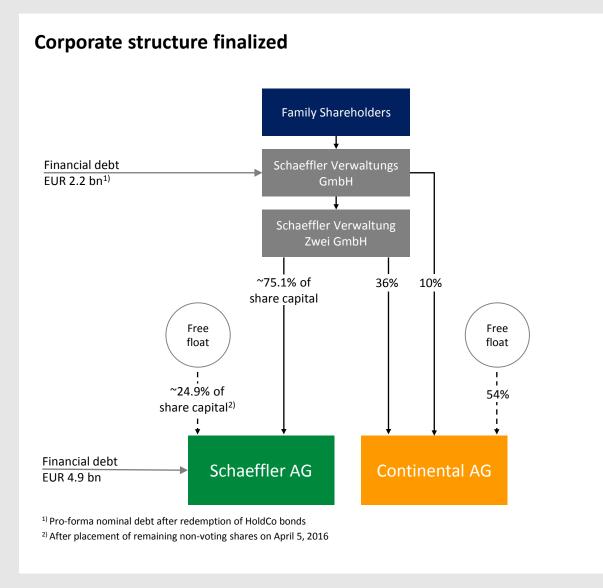
Dr. Ulrich Hauck Chief Financial Officer Agenda SCHAEFFLER

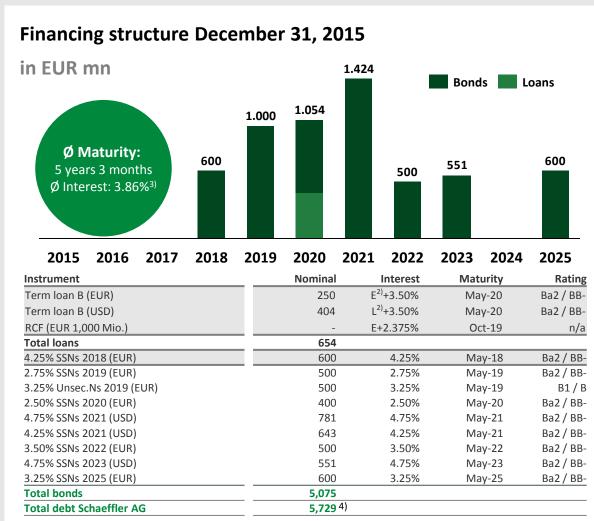
- 1 Overview
- **2** Capital structure optimization
- **3** Flagship initiative "Deleveraging"
- 4 Summary and key statements





Further potential for optimization of financing structure





¹⁾ EUR / USD = 1.09 as of 31 December 2015, 2) Floor of 0.75%,

³⁾ Before hedging. ⁴⁾ Considering liquidity of EUR 799mn and transactions costs to be amortized: Net debt: 4,889.

EUR 2.3bn refinancing transaction signed on July 18, 2016 at favorable conditions and terms

Pro forma sources and uses of funds in EUR mn¹⁾ **Sources of Funds Uses of Funds** Term Loans B ~400 New Bank Term Loan 1.000 EUR 2018 Notes 600 ~2,896 **Notes 2013** ~2,896 **Notes 2013** and 2014 and 2014 **Envisaged harmonization** with 2015 Notes **Notes 2015 Notes 2015** ~1,540 ~1,540 Total ~5,436 **Total** ~5,436 **New RCF** ~1,300 RCF 1,000 **Total** ~6,736 **Total** ~6,436

Key facts of refinancing transaction

- New EUR 1.0bn syndicated bank loan to refinance existing institutional Term Loans and to redeem EUR 2018 Notes at initial margin of 170 basis points
- New EUR 1.3bn Revolving Credit Facility with initial maturity of 5 years to replace existing EUR 1bn RCF
- Significantly improved credit terms ensuring enhanced flexibility

Envisaged harmonization of bond terms as final step to Schaeffler's new cross-over financing structure

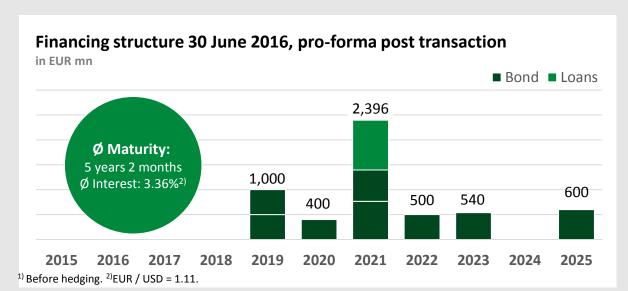
¹⁾ EUR / USD = 1.11.

²⁾ Excluding commitment fee on revolving credit facility.

Lower interest and enhanced flexibility

Key improvements		
	Old Facility Agreement	New Facility Agreement
Character	Leveraged	Cross-over
Current / Initial Margins	3.50% ¹⁾ (Term Loan) 2.375% (RCF)	1.70% (Term Loan) 1.30% (RCF)
Security Package	Comprehensive security package	Minimum security package
Limitations	Significant limitations (M&A, Mandatory Prepayments, etc.)	Significant reduction of existing limitations

¹⁾ plus base rate floor of 0.75%.



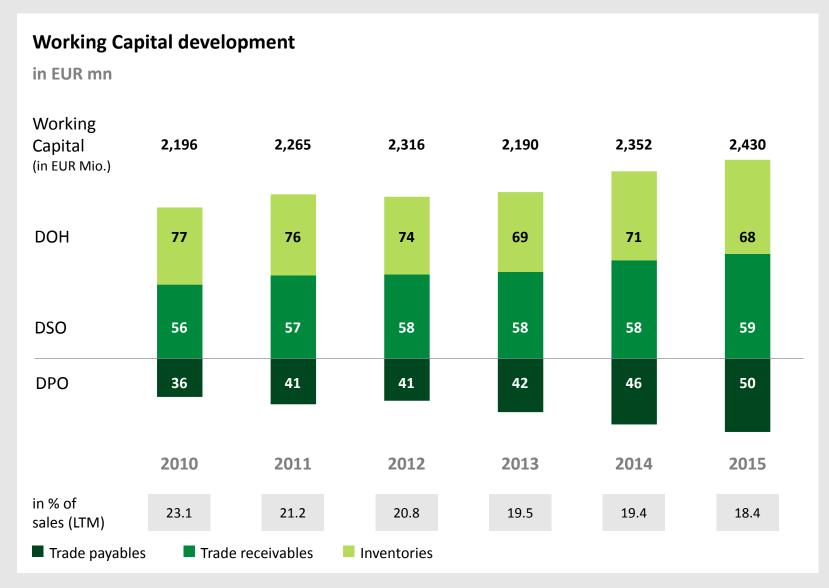
Benefits

- ➤ Significantly reduced margins and extension of maturity profile
- ► Increased operational and financial flexibility through improved credit terms and release of almost all security
- ► Rebalance of financial structure, including fix / float mix and redemption potential for further deleveraging

Further deleveraging potential

Sources for deleveraging Key aspects Intended debt redemption of EUR 250mn p.a. from Strong operating cash flow generation operating cash flow Interest savings triggered by continuous prepayment of Sufficient flexibility to prepay Term Loan or exercise call debt and further optimization of existing financing options for existing bonds structure Loan Note Receivable of EUR 1.8bn as of December 31, 2015. Interest coupon of 4%; since 2015 repayment of EUR 100mn Possible prepayment of Loan Note Receivable semi-annually Working Capital optimization Working Capital Initiative started in HY2 2015

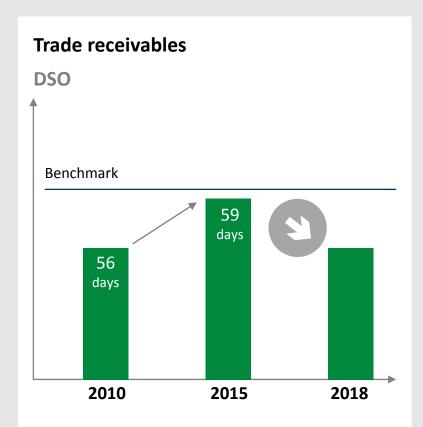
Continuous improvements in working capital performance until 2015



Key aspects

- ➤ Working capital performance improved from 23.1% (2010) to 18.4% (2015) of sales
- Improvement driven in particular by enhanced payment terms with suppliers
- Inventory performance benefitting from continuous optimization of automotive inventories
- ► Development of receivables slightly negative due to regional mix effects
- No sales of trade receivables so far

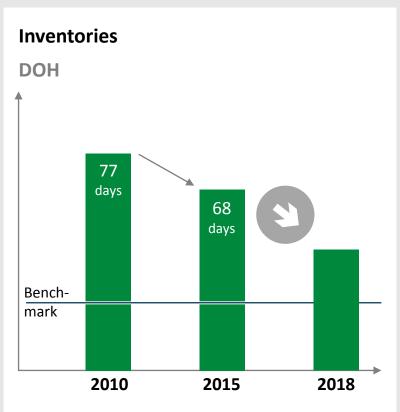
Initiative set up to enhance Working Capital performance



Target 2018:

July 20, 2016

Improve current benchmark positioning and come back to 2010 level



Target 2018:

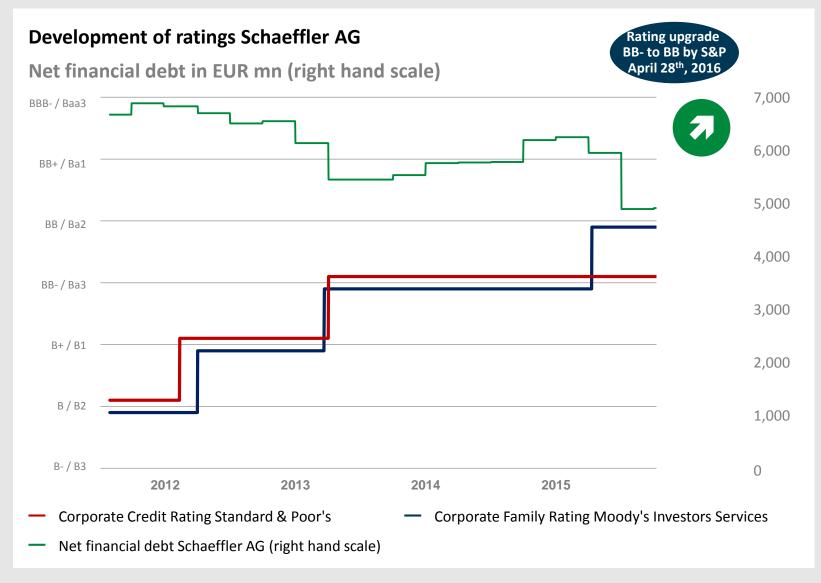
Achieve median position



Target 2018:

Reach benchmark position

Investment grade rating as mid-term target until 2020



Key aspects

- Continued deleveraging as one key driver for further rating improvements
- Current stand-alone rating for Schaeffler AG by S&P at "BB+" (one notch up compared to Schaeffler's corporate rating)
- ► Investment grade by 2020

Capital structure, conditions and flexibility significantly strengthened by new EUR 2.3bn refinancing transaction

Main drivers for deleveraging are operating cash flow, release of working capital, lower interest payments and potential further prepayments of Loan Note Receivable

Net financial debt is expected to be reduced to <1.5x EBITDA in 2018 and <1.0x EBITDA by 2020

4 Investment grade rating targeted by 2020